region had not recovered from the influence of the recent passage of area No. XVIII, consequently the small changes noted. During the day the depression moved very slowly eastward, with slightly increasing energy, and by the following morning was central in the Upper Mississippi Valley. Owing to the rapid advance of a high pressure area from the region north of Lake Superior, the depression on the two succeeding days was prevented from moving in the usual course to the eastward, and consequently a curved condition of the track is indicated upon the chart. In more concise terms, the depression remained about stationary during most of the 26th and 27th. On the 28th depression central south of Lake Michigan, inclosed by the isobar of 29.80. Chicago, 29.70, a fall of 0.30 inch, N., cloudy; Milwaukee, 29.91, a fall of 0.06 inch, NE., light rain; northeast to northwest winds with rain and snow prevailed throughout the Upper Lake Region and Upper Mississippi Valley, and southerly winds with cloudy weather ^{*}29th, dein the Ohio Valley and Lower Lake Region. pression central in the Province of Quebec. Cornwall, 29.32, a fall of 0.64 inch, W., clear; Montreal, 29.33, a fall of 0.55 inch, SE., cloudy; Rockliffe, 29.26, a fall of 0.75 inch, E., threatening; Quebec, 29.40, a fall of 0.81 inch, E., sleet ing. The area of precipitation extended eastward to Nova During the day the de-Scotia with southeasterly winds. pression passed eastward over the Canadian Maritime Provinces and on the following morning was probably central off the Nova Scotia coast. The continuation of this area will appear upon chart No. V for March, 1880. No. XX.—This depression appeared on the 28th over the ocean, west of British pression appeared on the 28th over the ocean, west of British Columbia, and by the morning of the 29th, had entered that territory, the isobar of 29.80 replacing that of 30.40 of the previous day. Bain and snow with southerly winds prevailed in Oregon and Washington Territory, and with easterly winds in the Northern Plateau Region; Olympia, 29.74, a fall of 0.50 inch, S., light snow; Portland, Or., 29.98, a fall of 0.40 inch, SE., cloudy. The continuation of this area will appear upon chart No. V for March, 1880. Of those areas charted as coming directly from the ocean, the following descriptions are given:

No. IV.—This depression appeared on the 1st over northen: No. IV.—This depression appeared on the 1st over northern Scandinavia as a continuation of area No. XXII, of chart No V. for January, 1880. 1st, Tromso, 28.84, a fall of 0.17 inch. SW., 29 miles per hour, rain and snow; Haparanda, 29.30, a fall 0.25, inch, SW., force 6, cloudy; Archangel, 29.17, a fall of 0.31 inch, WSW., 22 miles per hour, cloudy. During the day the depression passed rapidly southeastward over the White Sea, and on the 2d was central in western Siberia; Ekaterinburg, 29.16, a fall of 0.38 inch, WSW., 27 miles per hour, cloudy; Kasan, 29.58, a fall of 0.22 inch, WSW., cloudy. 3d, depression central in the valley of the Obi; Ekaterinburg, 29.52, a fall of 0.36 inch, NW., cloudy; Barnaul, 29.58, a fall of 0.25 inch, SW., 45 miles per hour, cloudy; Yeniseisk, 29.26, a fall of 0.67 inch, E., 13 miles, snowing. During the 4th the depression disappeared in a high pressure area, 30.40 over central Siberia. No. V.—While area No. III was central west of Iceland on the 3d, this depression suddenly appeared off the northwestern coast of Norway; Tromso, 28.68, a fall of 0.70 inch, SW., raining; Brono, 29.26, a fall of 0.41 inch, SW., 45 miles per hour, raining; Haparanda, 29.27, a fall of 0.34 inch, SW., force 4, raining. 4th, depression central southeast of the White Sea; Archangel, 29.21, a fall of 0.28 inch, WNW., 18 miles per hour, cloudy; Kasan, 29.14, a fall of 0.59 inch, W., 13 miles, light snow; Ekaterinburg, 29.30, a fall of 0.22 inch, S., cloudy. 5th, depression central east of the Ural Mountains; Ekaterinburg, 29.28, NW., cloudy; Barnaul, 29.93, a rise of 0.02 inch, SW., fair; Yeniseisk, 29.99, a rise of 0.24 inch, wind X with which, after the 14th, it became identified and together shifted from SW. to E., clear. 6th, depression probably central proved the most violent and extensive atmospheric disturbbetween the Obi and Yenisei rivers. As area No. III appeared ance of the month. central in northern Russia on this date and in about the same latitude, an enlongated area of barometric minima (29.40) formed in connection with the two depressions and ran eastward, north of 50° N., between the meridians of 30° and 90° E., with the lowest | United States and Canada for the month of January, 1882, is pressure at Ekaterinburg, 29.32, a rise of 0.04 inch, WSW., 13 exhibited by lines of equal thermometric mean values upon

miles per hour, cloudy; Barnaul, 29.48, a fall of 0.45 inch, SW., 45 miles per hour, cloudy; Yeniseisk, 29.57, a fall of 0.42 inch, S. cloudy. By morning of the 7th the depression had passed east of the Yenisei and during the day disappeared over central Siberia under the influence of a high pressure area, 30.60. No. XII.-After the passage of area No. VIII northeastward north of parallel 50° N. on the 10th, the influence of its energy still remained, and was effective in developing in the vicinity of 40° N., 35° W., another storm of great severity. The following reports from logs of vessels indicate the violent effects of an attempted restoration of atmospheric equilibrium in rear of advancing area No. VIII and which were instrumental in forming area No. XII: 10th, in 42° N., 55° W., WSW. NW. and NNW., violent gales with squalls of rain, very heavy sea; in 42° N., 57° W., W. to NW., hard gale with high confused sea; in 42° 31' N., 54° 31' W., NW., heavy storm with squalls of rain; in 48° 15′ N., 49° 10′ W., NNW. gale with thick snow, encountered large fields of drifting ice and icebergs between 46° 54' N. and 48° 15' W.; in 41° 30′ N., 41° 30′ W., heavy westerly gales, high sea. 11th, in 45° N., 46° W., NW. to NNW., violent to moderate gales, rain and snow squalls, high confused sea; in about 45° N., 35° W., terrific westerly gale with high cross sea which at times burst into the saloon, one man washed overboard, steamer made only 80 miles in over 24 hours; in 48° 24' N., 33° 13' W., NW., terrific gale, very high sea; in 47° 13′ N., 34° W., SW. and WNW. hurricane, changing to gale from SW. to NW. with tremendous high sea. On the 12th the depression was probably control and the sea. ably central north of the Azores, the winds at Angra and Ponta Delgado shifted from W. to S., with falling barometer. In clearing decks, four seamen lost and vessel thrown on beams end. 13th, depression central in about 50° N., 20° W. In 50° 15′ N., 17° 38′ W., 28.86, SSW., moderate gale, heavy rain; in 51° 26′ N., 34° 50′ W., 29.43, NNW., force 9, heavy northerly sea; in 46° 10′ N., 43° W., ESE. to NW., heavy gale, high head sea; in 44° 39′ N., 43° 48′ W., E. to N. with hurricane force, ship on beams end, squalls of rain and snow with a "frightful" sea; in 48° 40′ N., 34° 38′ W., SE. and variable, strong gale, high confused sea; in 50° 06' N., 13° W., southwest hurricane with tremendous sea, 3 a.m., heavy sea swept decks, noon, wind shifted to WNW., and blew with great violence until midnight when it changed to WSW. with heavy squalls of rain; in 49° N., 25° W., barometer 28.10, violent gale from SW., wind suddenly changed to WNW. in a most violent squall and blew a perfect hurricane, 3 p. m., tremendons westerly sea, 5 p. m., heavy cross sea sweeping decks; in 45° N., 23° W., terrific gale from SW.; in 43° N., 28° W., hurricane from NW., lasting 48 hours; in 42° N., 30° W., "hurricane from SE. all around the compass by W., lasting 24 hours." 14th, depression moved slowly northward and during the day combined with area No. X, then central south of Iceland. In 47° 57′ N., 28° W., NW., violent gale, terrific squalls, heavy sea; in 51° N., 13° 33′ W., S., and W., strong gale, high sea; in 50° N., 22° 40′ W., SE., SW., and NW., strong gale, very high confused sea. The continuation of this severe storm is fully considered under the head of area No.

TEMPERATURE OF THE AIR.

The distribution of mean atmospheric temperature over the

chart No. II. The table of mean and comparative tempera temperature 35°.6, or 2°.29 above the average for the past 6 tures in the right-hand corner of the chart shows, in the first years; Wytheville, mean temperature 36°.4, or 0°.8 above the column, the averages for the month throughout the various average for the past 17 years. districts, as deduced principally from observations taken at Signal Service stations. In the two remaining columns are shown the means for the present month, and the departures of such means from the average for many years. The temperature is everywhere above the normal, except in New England and west of the 110th meridian. The single large area of excess covers the central portion of the country, where the departures ranges from 1°.2 in the Middle Atlantic States to 5°.6 in the Missouri Valley. The largest area of deficiency embraces the extreme western portion of the United States, where the departures range from 1°.0 in the Southern Plateau to 4°.6 in the Middle Plateau. As a means of interesting comparison, the following maximum departures from the normal are given for each year since 1873, together with the corresponding districts: 1874, +6°.9 Ohio Valley and Tennessee, +6°.6 Middle Atlantic States and +6°.2 Lower Lake Region; 1875, —13°.1 Minnesota and —11°.6 Upper Mississippi Valley; 1876, +9°.0 Ohio Valley and Tennessee and +7°.7 Upper Mississippi Valley; 1877, —5°.4 Middle Atlantic States and —5°.8 Lower Lake Region; 1878, +13°.3 Minnesota and +12°.3 Upper Mississippi Valley; 1879, -2°.8 Middle Atlantic States and -2°.6 Lower Lake Region; 1880, +15°.5 Upper Mississippi Valley, +14°.8 Ohio Valley and Tennessee, and +13°.3 South Atlantic and West Gulf States; 1881, -9°.8 Missouri Valley and -8°.9 Southeast

Rocky Mountain Slope. Deviations from Mean Temperatures .- Under this heading departures exhibited by reports from the regular Signal Service stations are shown in the table of comparative temperatures on the right-hand side of chart No. II. The following items of importance, in connection with this subject, are reported by Voluntary Observers: Connecticut: Southington, mean temperature, 24°.3, or 1° above the mean for the past 11 years. Illinois: Riley, mean temperature, 20°.6, or 2°.1 above the mean for past 19 years. Indiana: Vevay, mean temperature considerably above the average for the month. Kansas: Yates Centre, mean temperature 30°.5, or 4°.4 above the average for the past 2 years. Lawrence, mean temperature 32°.68, or 5°.56 above the average for the past 14 years. Manhattan, mean temperature 31°.67, or 6°.82 above the average for past 22 years; five Januarys during this period have been warmer, viz: 1859, 1863, 1876, 1878 and 1880; the coldest January during the past 22 years occurred in 1875, mean temperature 15°.07. Iowa: Clinton, mean temperature considerably above the average. Maine: Gardiner, mean temperature 15°.75, or 2°.12 below the average for the past 46 years. Maryland: Fallston, mean temperature 30°.30, or 0°.31 below the average for the past 11 years; during that period, the highest January mean, 40°.13, occurred in 1880, and the lowest, 25°.05, occurred in 1881. Michigan: Thornville, mean temperature, 26°.0, or 4°.0 above the average for several years. Missouri: St. Louis, Missouri Weather Service reports, mean temperature slightly above the average for the past 45 years. New Hampshire: Contoocookville, mean temperature 20°.5, or about 1°.0 below the average for the past 12 years. New York: Palermo, mean temperature 20°.3 or 0°.8 below the average for the past 29 years; warmest January during that period, occurred in 1880, mean temperature 29°.4 and the coldest, 12°.8, occurred in 1881; the lowest temperature recorded during that period was —31° in January, 1857. North Volney, mean temperature 22°.29, or 0°.48 below the average for the past 14 years; warmest January during that period occurred in 1880, mean temperature 31°.82, coldest January occurred in 1881, mean temperature 15°.13; the lowest temperature recorded during the past 14 years was -19°, January 23d, 1871. Ohio: North Lewisburg,

Table of Maximum and Minimum Temperatures for January, 1882.

State or Territory.	Signal Ser	vice.		U. S. Army Post Surgeons or Voluntary Observers.				
	Station.	Max.	Min.	Station.	Max.	Mîn.		
AlabamaArizona	Montgomery Tucson	79 50	24		0	0		
Do Arkansas	PrescottLittle Rock	********	$-\frac{8}{24}$	Mount Ida	65	15		
California Do	Campo		7	Fort Yuma Summit	80	1		
Colorado Do Connecticut	Denver Pike's Peak New Haven	26	-22 -12	Southington				
Dakota	Rapid City Ft. Stevenson			Fort Randall	53 57	-14 		
Delaware	Breakwater Washington	56 59	10			10		
Florida	Jacksonville and	82		Ft. Brook Tampa. Fort Barrancas	84	22		
Do Georgia Do	Pensacola Sayannah Augusta	77	32	Thornville	77	24		
Idaho Do	Lewiston Eagle Rock	31	-30			! !		
Illmois Do	Cairo Chicago	64	1	Swanwick and Upper Alton	67	ļ		
Do Do				Elmira and Mor-				
Indiana Do Indian Territory	Indianapolis Fort Gibson	61	7 	Lafayette	65 	1		
Do	Fort Supply Keokuk	74 	– 6	Cresco				
Do Kansas	Dubuque Dodge City	67	- 5 0	Ft, Scott	70	—17		
DoKentucky	Louisville	65	16	Ft. Wallace Bowling Green	65	15 18		
Louisiana	New Orleans Shreveport	77	30	Combiner	ĺ			
Maine Do Maryland	Eastport Portland Baltimore	43 	—14 	Gardiner Federalsburg	61	27		
Do Massachusetts	Boston	53	-13	Leer Park Heath	60	— 8		
Do Michigan	Detroit	56		South Lec Fort Brady		-24 -34		
Do Minnesota	Alpena Duluth	47	—27 ——27		!			
Do Mississippi Missouri	St. Vincent Vicksburg Saint Louis and	74	42 30	Fayette Protem	75 72	28		
Do Montana	Springfield Fort Custer	60 52	6	Oregon Ft. Keogh	60	— <u>1</u> —37		
Do Nebraska	Terry's Landing' North Platte	55 55	36 8			٠,		
Nevada Do	Pioche	58	4 1	Goleonda Halleck	74	 34		
New Hampshire Do New Jersey	Mt. Washington Atlantic City	34 59	—30 	Contoocookville Grafton Vineland	46 62	22		
New Mexico	BarnegatLa Mesilla	7:3	— 1	South Orange,		4 11		
New York	Sonta Fe Rochester	58	7	Ft. Ningara	56			
Do	Albany	73	14	Johnstown and Weldon		27		
Do	Wilmington Charlotte Cincinnati	63	16	Portsmouth	67	5		
Do Oregon	Cleveland Portland	 55	2	Hudson		0		
Pennsylvania	Umetilla Pittsburg	····;	4	Milton	57 .			
Rhode Island	Erie Newport Charleston	.0 76	- 2 - 8	Blooming Grove		19 37		
Tenne-see	Memphis Knoxville	71	26 	Ashwood		$\frac{21}{16}$		
Pexas	Edinburg Fort Elliott	81		Ft. Ringgold	86 .			
Vermont	Salt Lake City Burlington	47 49	0 25	Contrille	50	25		
Do	Norfolk	60		Lunenburg		29		
Virginia			8					
Vashington Ter	Chincoteague Almote	อัก						
Washington Ter Do West Virginia		64		Flemington Embarrass and		8		

Ranges of Temperature at Signal Service Stations.—Monthly mean temperature 29°.40, or 1°.03 above the mean for the past ranges in general varied from 40° to 60° over the country east Vermont: Woodstock, mean temperature 16°.4 or of the Rocky Mountains, and from 45° to 70° westward to the about 1° above the average for the past 15 years; highest Pacific. The smallest ranges are: San Francisco, 21°; Key January mean during that period, 23°.8, occurred in 1880, West, 25°; Portland, Or., 29°; San Diego, 30°; Port Eads, 31°; lowest, 5°.8, occurred in 1875. West Viginia: Helvetia, mean Red Bluff and New Orleans, 33°; Olympia, 35°; Hatteras, 36°;

Galveston and Punta Bassa, 38°. The largest are: New Chicago, Pittsburg and 34° at Indianapolis; Lower Lake Region, 24° at Mont., 90°; Terry's Landing, Mont., 88°; Fort Benton, 87°; Detroit and Toledo to 29° at Buffalo and 34° at Oswego; Upsmithville, Dak., Fort Shaw, Mont., and Prescott, Ariz., 79°; Port Custer, 77°; Camp Supply, Ind. Ty., 76°; Burlington, Vt., 41° at Alpena; Extreme Northwest, 41° at St. Vincent to 44° Fort Assinnaboine, Mont., and St. Vincent, 74°; Mt. Wash- Assinnaboine, Mont., and Mt. Wash- Assinnaboine, Mont., and Mt. Wash- Assinnaboine, Mont., and Mt. Wash- Assinnaboine, Mt. Wash- As ington and Fort Missoula, 73°; Rapid City, Dak., Fort Buford and Cheyenne, 72°; Duluth, 71°; Fort Elliot, Tex., 70°. The daily ranges varied in the different districts as follows: New at Huron; Northern Slope, 36° at Cheyenne to 40° at Deadwood and Cheyenne, 72°; Duluth, 71°; Fort Elliot, Tex., 70°. The Missouri valley, 27° at Deavenworth to 44° at Tankton and so-daily ranges varied in the different districts as follows: New England, 26° at New Shoreham to 37° at Eastport and 47° on the summit of Mt. Washington; Middle Atlantic States, 21° at Lynchburg to 34° at Albany and Barnegat and 37° at Chinco-teague; South Atlantic States, 23° at Charleston to 29° at Atlantic States, 23° at Unarilla to 32° at Missoula and 35° at Eagle teague; South Atlantic States, 23° at Charleston to 29° at Atlanta and 32° at Portsmouth; Florida Peninsula, 13° at Key Rock; Middle Plateau, 21° at Salt Lake City to 28° at Pioche Gulf States, 23° at Mobile, 24° at New Orleans and 28° at 16° at La Mesilla and 48° at Prescott; Northern Pacific Coast,

West to 19° at Cedar Keys and 21° at Punta Rassa; Eastern and 40° at Winnemucca; Southern Plateau, 34° at Santa Fé to Montgomery; Western Gulf States, 28° at Port Eads to 30° at Indianola and 41° at Denison and Fort Gibson; Rio Grande Valley, 26° at Brownsville to 32° at Eagle Pass and 35° at Castroville; Ohio Valley and Tennessee, 21° at Columbus to 29° at to 32° at Visalia and 48°, at Campo.

Table of Comparative Minimum Temperatures for the Month of January, 1882.

State or Territory.	Minimum for January, 1882, Signal Service.		Lowest since Signal Service stations were opened—3 to 11 years.			Lowest from any other source.			
	Station	Temp.	Station.	Temp.	Year.	Place.	Temp.	Year.	Lengtl of Record
labama	Montgomery	24	Montgomery.	0 14	1879	Huntsville	°9	1832 & 36	9 year
rizona	Prescott	s	Prescott	-17	1880	Fort Canby	-20	1865	12 "
rkansus	Little Rock	24	Little Rock	18 0	1881	Mount Ida	10 20	1878	6 "
Balifornia Do	Campo	4	Campo	1)	1880	Fort CrockFort Bidwell	-20 -18	1859 1868	11 "
olorado	Pike's Peak	-22	Pike's Feak	-63	1879	Fort Garland	40	1873	29 "
Do	Denver	1				Fort Lyon	-28	1875	21 "
Jonnecticui	New Haven	12 32	New haven	5 53	1881	ColebrookFort Randall	-25 -44	1861 1875	22 "
Dakota Delaware	Delaware Breakwater	10	Del (ware Breakwater	33 12	1877 1881	Fort Delaware	- 5	1866	44 "
Do						Dover	Ö	1875	6 "
Do Dist. of Columbia	Washington	8	Washington	-14	1881	Washington		1835	48 "
lorida Feorgia	Jacksonville and Fensacola	32 22	St. Marks	18 9	1879 1879	Fort Barraneas	10 3	1852 1873	8 "
Do	Augusta		Attitud		1019	Angusta Arsenal	8	18357	48 "
daho	Ragio Bock	-30	Eagle Ro. k	-25	1881	Fort Lapwai	-32	1875	18 "
llinois	Chicago	1	Champaign	1 5	1881	Rock Island Arsenal	-29	1873	14 "
Do ndiana,	Indi (napolis	7	Indianapolis	-22	1879	Gulesburgh	-29 -25	1864 1879	9 4
ndiin Territory	Fort Supply.	- 6	Fort Supply.	-17	1881	Fort Gibson		1857	54 "
Wil	Duluque	- 5	Fort Supply	-25	1881	Fort Madison	-33	1864	22 "
ansas entucky	d Dodge City	16	LeavenworthLouisville	20	1875	Fort Leavenworth		1834	1 01
.entuckyouisiana	Louisville Shreveport	30	Shreveport	:0 6	'75 & '79 1879	Newport Barracks Baten Rouge	-15	1852	52 4
Iaine,	Eastport	-14	Estport	-15	1878	Brunswick	-32	1859	52 "
Do						Gardiner	—31	1844	46 "
[arvland	Baitimore	_13	Baltimore	— 6 —14	1881	Fort McHenry	-15	1873	50 0
lassachusetts Do		—13	Springfield	-14	1881	WilliamstownLunenburgh	30 29	1885 1855	24 "
ichig :n	d Amena		Escanaba and Marquette	—26	1881	Fort Brady,	— <u>12</u>	1873	60 "
Do						Ont magon	34	1861	11 "
linnesota	S. Viaceni	-42	St. Vincent	-11	1881	Fort Ripley	-44	1860	17 "
lississıppi li souri	Vicksbu g	30 6	Vickslurg St. Louis	10 -16	1875 1875	Fayette	_27	1879 1879	8 "
lontana	Terry's Landing.	-26	Fort Benton	=:::	1875	Fort Benton	J —58	1875	12 "
Doebraska			North Platte			Fort Ellis	-33	1872	14 "
ebraska	North Platte	— s	North Platte	一 27	1881	C up Sheridan	-29	1579	4 4
evda Do		- 4	Winnemucca	-14	1879	Fort Ruly	s	1864 1868	12 4
ew Hampshi.e	Mount Washington	-39	Mount Washington	46	1875	Dartmouth Coilege	-34	1848	iš ·
Do						Stratford	. 1 —33	1861	111 '
ew Jersey	Barnegat	— I	Barnegat	-10	1875	Patterson	$\begin{vmatrix} -13 \\ -24 \end{vmatrix}$	1866	6
Do lew Mexico	Santa Fe	7	Santa Fe		1581	Burnt Mills	—24 —16	1875 1864	20 "
ew York	- Albany	-14	Albony	-18	1878	Salem	-40	1840	20 4
Do						Gouverneur	.i —38	1835	40 '
orth Carolina Do	Charlotte	16	Charlotte Kittyhtyk	111	78 & '81 1879	Ashville	<u> </u>	1879	4 '
)hio	Cieveland		Columbus	_11 _50	1879	Jacksonburg	_95	1879	8 .
Do						Marietta,	. #2	j = 1852	53
regon	- Umatilla	4	Urastilla	-25	1879	Fort Dalles	23	1862	16
ennsylvania Do	Erie	— <u>2</u>	Erje	—13	1875	Carlisle Barracks Philadelphia	—28	1873 1866	37
Do	*					Fleming		1561	6
Rhode Island	Newport	- s	Newport	3	1879	Providence	—17	1866	36 4
Do						Fort Adams		1873	41 "
Do	Charleston	16	Charleston	23	1879	Fort Monitrie	14	1835 1852	38 "
ennessee	Knoxville	18	Knoxville	-14	1877	Olark-vi.le	_io	1879	8 4
'ex 48	•) For Ellion	1	Pi'ot Peint,	ļ —'ā	1879) Fort Davis	.1 —15	1573	1 28 4
tah	Salt Lake City	0.0	Salt Lake City	1 .2	180 & 181	Coalville	<u> —17 </u>	1879	7 .
ermont, Do		-25	Burlington	-17	1878	Woodsteek	-30 -25	1875 1866	8 1
irginia	Chincoteague	s	Fort Whipple	- 8	1881	Wytheville	6	1879	9 4
irginia Jashingt n T'y	Colfax	$-\ddot{s}$	Dayton	= = =	1881	Fort Colville	.[:00	1863	21
Vest Virginia	Morgantown	. 9	Morg intown	- 6	1875	Helveikt	.[14	1879	6
Visconsin Do			La Cros-e	— 31	1875	Finburrass		1875 1823	19 °
Do	.,					Fort Winnebago,	29	1841	12 4
Vyoming	Cheyenne	. 12	Cheyenne	—: 8	1875	Fort Sanders	81	1875	13 '
Do		.		1				1864	29 4

Frosts.—In the various districts they were reported on the following dates: New England, 1st to 8th, 10th to 31st; Middle Atlantic States, 1st to 8th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, dle Atlantic States, 1st to 8th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 14th, 15th, 17th to 26th, 28th to 31st; South Atlantic States, 1st to 5th, 22nd to 26th, 30th, 31st; Florida Peninsula, Cedar Keys, 2d, 3d, 31st; East Gulf States, 2d, 3d, 23d; West Gulf States, 2d, 11th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 22d, 23d, 29th, 30th, 31st; Rio Grande Valley, 1st, 2d, 16th, 18th, 21st, 31st; Ohio Valley and Tennessee, 1st to 7th, 9th, 10th, 12th, 14th to 25th, 28th to 31st; Lower Lake Region, 1st to 31st; Upper Lake Region, 1st to 31st; Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, 1st to 31st; Northern Slope, 1st sippi and Missouri Valleys, 1st to 31st; Northern Slope, 1st to 31st; Middle Slope, 1st to 6th, 8th to 31st; Southern Slope, 12th, 16th to 19th, 22d, 23d, 29th, 30th, 31st; Southern Plateau, 1st, 2nd, 4th to 31st; Middle Plateau, 1st to 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 13th to 31st; Northern Plateau, 3d, 7th, 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 19th to 25th; North Pacific Coast region, 9th to 12th, 15th to 22d, 25th, 27th to 30th; South Pacific Coast region, 1st, 3rd to 23d, 25th to 31st.

Icc.—Regarding its formation in the northern sections, this subject is considered elsewhere in the Review under the head of Ice in Rivers and Harbors. The following are exceptional cases of ice formation in the southern sections of the country: Augusta, Ga., 2d, 23d; Jacksonville, Fla., 2d; Sloop Point, N. C., 2d; Portsmouth, N. C., 2d, 3d, 23d; Pensacola, Fla., 2d; Indianola, 17th; Victoria, Tex., 17th; Cuero, Tex., 17th, 19th; Mason, Tex., 17th, 19th; Eagle Pass, Tex., 17th; Tucson, Ariz., 18th; Florence, Ariz., 9th, 10th, 11th; Los Angeles, Cal., 27th; San Deigo, Cal., 29th; Red Bluff, Cal., 9th, 10th to 14th, 18th, 24th; Visalia, Cal., 11th, 12th, 13th; Point San José, Cal., 13th, 14th; St. Augustine, Fla., 2d, very thin.

Low Temperatures.—The following are notable instances of extremely cold weather in various portions of the country attending the development and progress of areas of high barometer. California: San Jose, 13th, weather excessively cold during the past three days. Marysville, 13th, "phenomenally cold weather" for past two days; during the night of the 12th ice formed in gutters sufficient to bear a man's weight; temperature 9° below freezing. North San Juan, 13th, coldest weather for many years past; temperature 10° to 14° below freezing. Stockton, 13th, coldest weather for many years; ice one inch thick near the town. Fresno, 13th, weather for past 48 hours coldest ever experienced; ice formed during night, and in shady places remained all day; temperature 21° above zero. San Buenventura, 13th, weather extremely cold; lambs and sheep dying from exposure. Los Angles, 13th, severest weather ever known in southern California; "hills all around the city, down almost to the plains, white with snow." Merced, 13th, coldest weather for several years; ice formed more than one half inch in thickness. Alta, 13th, mimimum temperature 22° below freezing; reservoirs frozen sufficient to permit skating; all mining ditches frozen rendering them temporarily useless. Yreka, 13th, minimum temperature 25° below freezing; coldest weather for several Campo, 12th, minimum temperature 6°.5, lowest for several years. San Gorgonio, month remarkable for continued low temperatures; minimum temperature 19° on the 12th, lowest for many years. Canada: Parry Sound, 24th, -38°. 24th, —16°. Port Stanley, 24th, —10°. Toronto, 24th, —18°. Kingston, 24th, —19°. Montreal, 24th, —26°. Anticosti, 24th, -16°. Quebec, 24th, -26°. Connecticut: Hartford, 24th, 10° to 18° below zero, and in the surrounding towns as low as -20°. Southington, 25th, minimum temperature —14°, coldest day in past 25 years. Massachusetts: Boston, 24th, reports from different parts of New England show the thermometer to have fallen from 10° to 37° below zero. Worcester, 24th, coldest weather for past 12 years; in various parts of the city, thermometer from 12° to 20° below zero; in some portions of the country, the temperature fell to -26°. Missouri: St. Joseph, 16th, coldest day of the season; temperature 5° above zero. Carrollton, 16th, lowest temperature yet recorded for the season. Joplin, 16th, coldest of the season. Carthage, 16th, coldest of inches, Middle and South Pacific Coast Regions; 1881, 43.80

the season. Montana: Fort Missoula, 29th, minimum temperature -31°, lowest since station was opened. New Brunswick, St. Johns, 18th, minimum temperature -28°, weather exceedingly severe. Nevada: Halleck, 12th, coldest weather for several years; temperature 30° below zero. Wells, 12th, exceedingly cold weather; temperature 30° below zero. Elko, 12th, temperature 25° below zero. Carlin, 12th, temperature 27° below zero; coldest weather ever experienced here. New Jersey: Long Branch, 24th, temperature —8°; preparations made for cutting ice. Red Bank, 24th, North Shrewsbury river frozen over; coldest weather for several years. New Hampshire: Colbrook, 24th, weather almost unendurable for the past two days. Portsmouth, 24th, temperature —24°; several vessels put into lower harbor, heavily encased in ice and unable to proceed further; crews suffered intensely from extreme cold and, in some cases, were frost-bitten; fishermen report the most "intense weather" at sea that it has ever been their lot to experience. Contoocookville, 24th and 25th, minimum temperature -15°; coldest days during the past 11 years. Rhode Island: Providence, 24th, coldest day of the season; thermometer from 10° to 15° below zero. Newport, 24th, coldest weather for past 10 years, temperature -6°; public schools closed, as it was found impossible to heat them. New York: Norwich, 24th, -33°; Poughkeepsie, 24th, all points along the river and from the interior of the river counties, reported the experience of intense cold; thermometer 16° to 20° below zero. Rochester 24th, —7°. Saranac Lake, 24th, —40°. Plattsburgh, 24th, —25°. Keesville, 24th, —24°. Port Henry, 24th, —22°. Ticonderoga, 24th, —25°. Whitehall, 24th, —35°. Glen's Falls, 24th, —26°. Lake George, 24th, —25°. Saratoga, 24th, —36°. Vermont: Burlington, 24th, maximum temperature—4°, minimum temperature -24.8°; coldest day since 1857.

PRECIPITATION.

The general distribution of rain-fall over the United States and Canada for the month of January, 1882, is exhibited upon chart No. III from the reports of over 500 stations. From the table in the left-hand corner of the chart is obtained a monthly average for each of the various districts, determined from the records of Signal Service stations, covering a period of several years, to which is subjoined a comparison of the present month with such averages. Upon comparison with the chart, the tabulated averages show four very irregular areas of excess and deficiency. The former condition prevails and the areas embrace the entire eastern portion of the country, except the South Atlantic States and the Florida Peninsula, while to the west of the Mississippi they include the Extreme Northwest, Middle and Southern Slopes, Western Gulf States, Rio Grande Valley, and the Southern and Northern Plateaux. The departures of excess range from 0.11 inch in the Lower Lake Region to 9.92 inches in Tennessee. The excess in this State, for the preseut month, is the largest and most remarkable since the opening of Signal Service stations. The most serious floods have resulted from this marked and sudden increase of precipitation, and the consequent damage to property has been almost without precedent. The areas of deficiency are comparatively small and widely separated, and the departures range from 0.11 inch in the Middle Plateau to 4.42 inches in the Middle Pacific Coast region. The deficiency on the Pacific coast, especially in the two northern districts, is very large and quite unusual for the month. As a means of interesting comparison, the following maximum departures from the normal are given for each year since 1873, together with the corresponding districts: 1874, large excess, Lower Lake region; 1875, +3.02 inches, South Atlantic States; 1876, +3.15 inches, Ohio Valley and Tennessee, and -2.15 inches, South Atlantic States; 1877, -1.50 inches, Pacific Coast Regions, and -0.95 inch, Western Gulf States; 1878, +3.76 inches, Middle and South Pacific Coast Regions, and +2.17 inches, New England; 1879, +3.43 inches, Tennessee, and -2.12 inches, Eastern Gulf States; 1880, +6.21 inches, Portland, Or., -3.05 inches, Eastern Gulf States, and -2.45